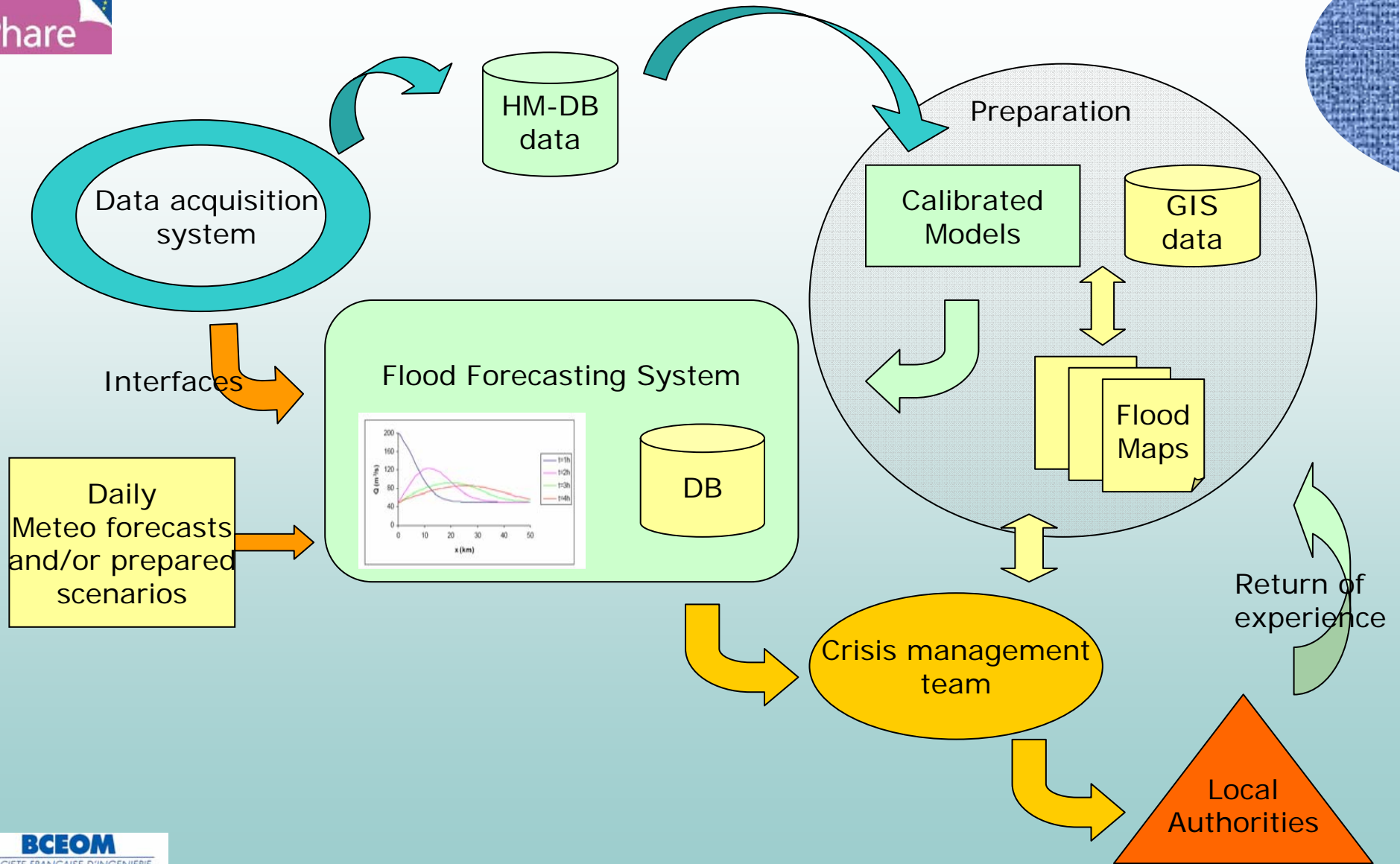


Flood Forecasting System and Flood Warning operations



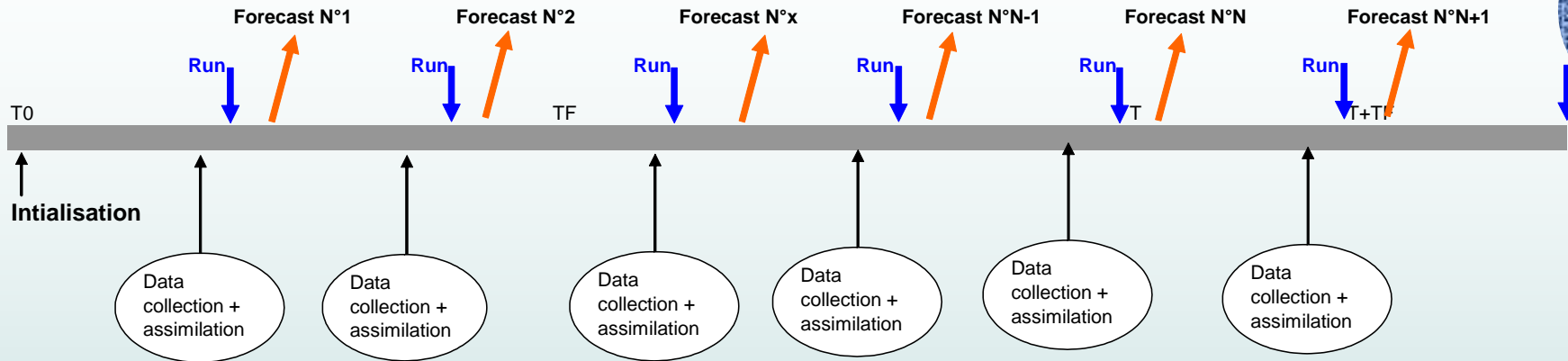


The Flood Forecasting system organisation





Flood Forecasting sequences : need 24/24 operations



Once it is started, the forecasting system may run for several days or weeks

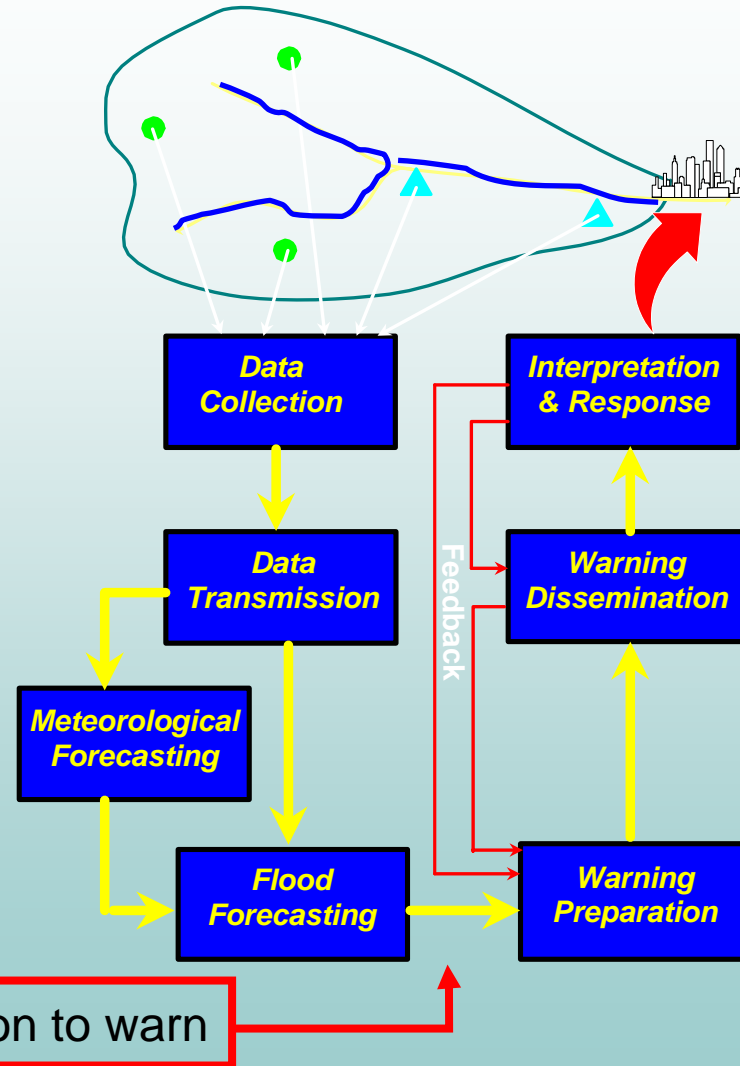
- Initialised at T_0 then Runs every T_f (to be parameterised)
- Data collection from NIMH when available before Time T ; interfaces to be set
- Data coherence analysis on retrieved data to be defined and designed
- Process data assimilation : "mix" observations with results from last computation
- Run the models at time T using initial conditions from data assimilation
- Provide results at node points defined as output discharges / water heights



The Flood forecasting platform : user need analysis

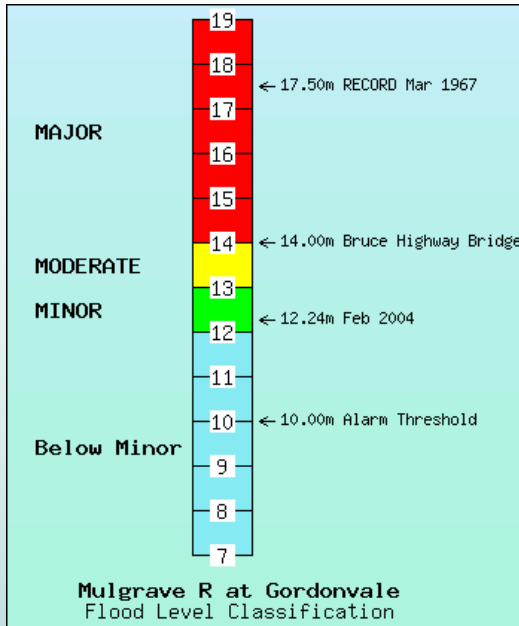
- Provide results at node points to be defined as output
- Results may be discharges / water heights
- Interfaces to be defined /designed in the project
- Threshold values (for alarms / alert levels) can be set and parameterised
- Specific outputs as bulletins for Alarm dissemination to be defined

Flood Forecasting and Warning operations





Flood Warning system : First level without FFS



Continuous comparison of rain & river data to threshold values

If thresholds exceeded, data bulletins are:

- Manually or Semi-Automatically generated
- Semi-Automatically disseminated

RIVER HEIGHT BULLETIN for Herbert, Tully, Johnstone, Barron & Daintree Rivers
Issued at 3.30am on Tuesday, 15 March 2005
Bureau of Meteorology, Brisbane

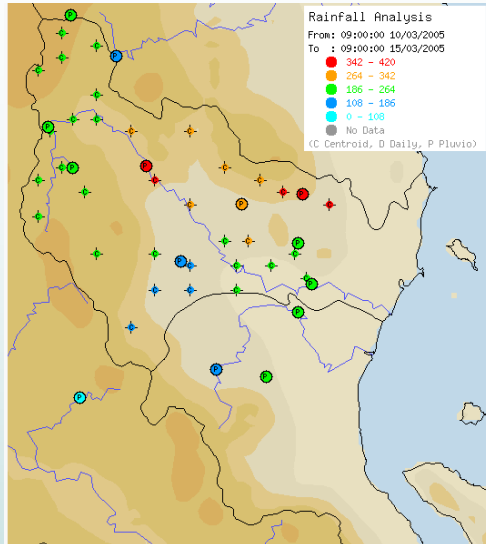
Station Name	Time	Height	Trend	Crossing
Mulgrave-Russell				
Mulgrave R at Gordonvale *	3.28am	10.29	S	3.75 below bridge
Russell R at Bucklands *	2.30am	6.38	R	

Trend
 S steady RS rising slowly FS falling slowly
 P peak R rising F falling
 EP estimated peak RF rising fast FF falling fast





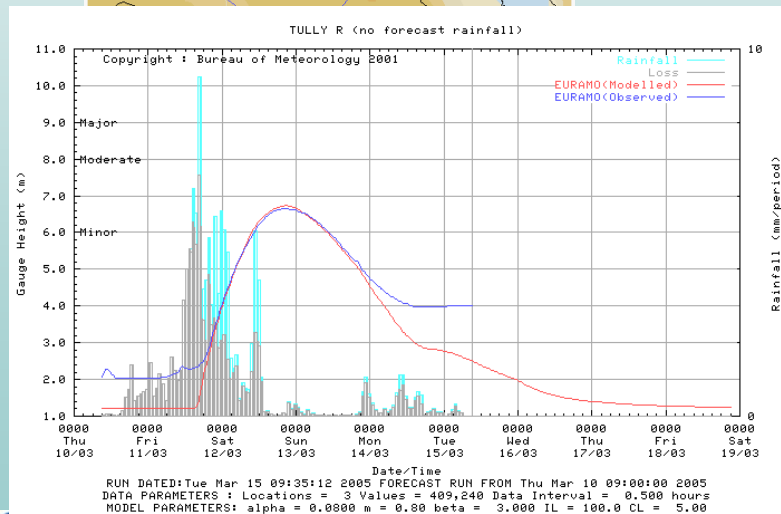
Flood Warning system : level 2 with FFS



Analysis & prediction

If warnings are deemed necessary, they are:

- Prepared manually / automatically
- Automatically disseminated

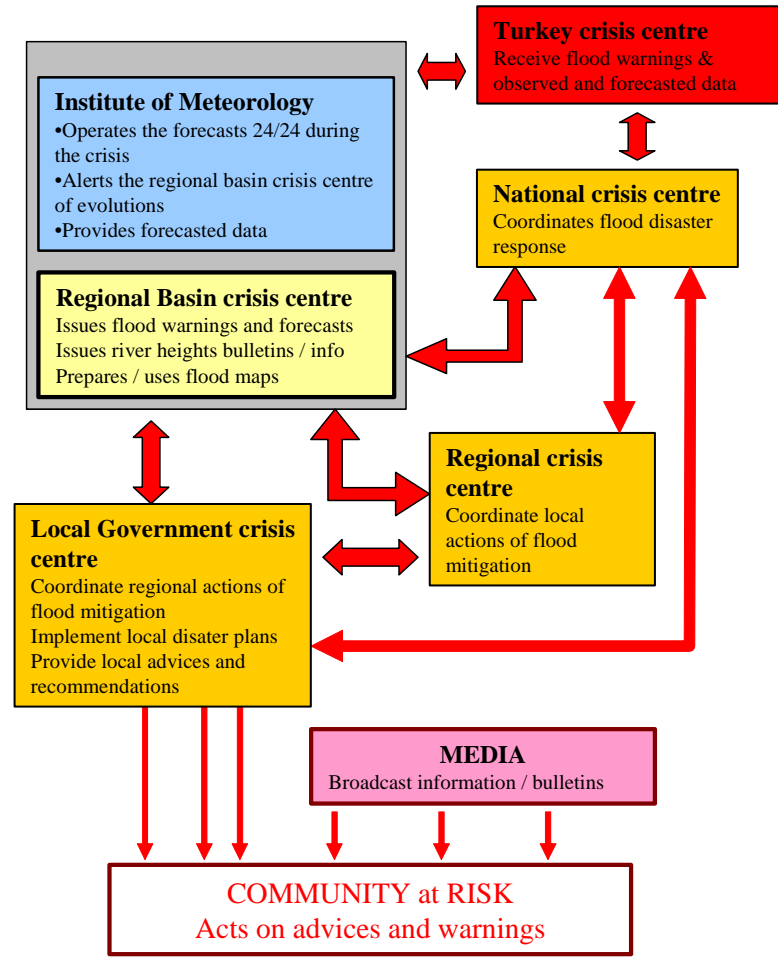


Flood Warning Framework to be discussed

- Hydro-Meteorology services role should be to forecast flood height.
- Basin Directorate's role should be to forecast flood extent, especially for urban inundation.
- Exchanges with Turkey to be defined
- Roles and responsibilities to be analysed



Roles and responsibilities during flood events



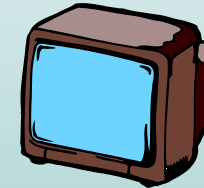
Warning dissemination - Who ?



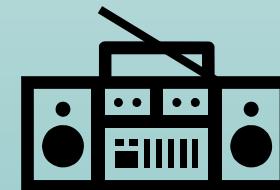
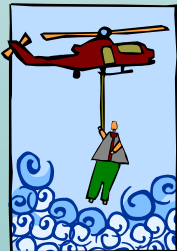
Emergency Services
Police
Local Agency
Media



- Radio
- Television
- Newspaper



Web

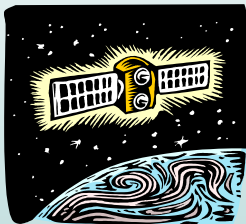


Warning dissemination - How ?



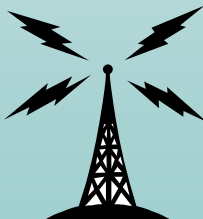
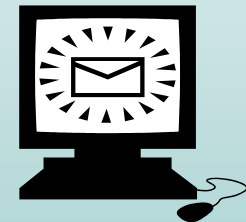
Warning products issued via:

- Telephone
- Fax
- Email
- SMS
- Computer Messaging Service



Direct briefing to:

- Local Government
- Emergency Services
- Media





Discussion : analysis of user need, organisation and information flux

- User needs for designing the Flood forecasting platform:
 - Will be analysed during the next steps of the project (january 2008)
 - Will include interfaces to be defined and implemented during the FFS design
- Threshold values for alarms / alert levels : details should be provided for the next workshop (spring 2008)
- Organisation of the Flood warning framework : who does what ?
 - The responsibilities of the various stakeholders and operators ?
 - Specific outputs as bulletins for Alarm dissemination to be defined : what are the expectations ?
 - Interfaces with Turkish authorities : what is expected



Roles and responsibilities during flood events

